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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

**DISTRICT OF ARIZONA** 

United States of America

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

V.			
Jorge Exiquio Carballo-Aguilar	Case Number:	15-151MJ	
n accordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142 represented by counsel. I conclude by a preponderance of detention of the defendant pending trial in this case.	of the evidence the defendant is a		
	NDINGS OF FACT		
find by a preponderance of the evidence that:			
The defendant is not a citizen of the Unit	The defendant is not a citizen of the United States or lawfully admitted for permanent residence.		
The defendant, at the time of the charge	The defendant, at the time of the charged offense, was in the United States illegally.		
If released herein, the defendant faces re Enforcement, placing him/her beyond the deported or otherwise removed.	If released herein, the defendant faces removal proceedings by the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, placing him/her beyond the jurisdiction of this Court and the defendant has previously been deported or otherwise removed.		
The defendant has no significant contact	The defendant has no significant contacts in the United States or in the District of Arizona.		
The defendant has no resources in the L calculated to assure his/her future appear		night make a bond reasonably	
The defendant has a prior criminal histor	y.		
The defendant lives/works in Mexico.			
The defendant is an amnesty applicant b substantial family ties to Mexico.	out has no substantial ties in Arizo	ona or in the United States and has	
There is a record of prior failure to appea	There is a record of prior failure to appear in court as ordered.		
The defendant attempted to evade law e	The defendant attempted to evade law enforcement contact by fleeing from law enforcement.		
The defendant is facing a maximum of	years imp	risonment.	
The Court incorporates by reference the material Court at the time of the hearing in this matter, except as r	I findings of the Pretrial Services anoted in the record.	Agency which were reviewed by the	
CON	CLUSIONS OF LAW		

- 1. There is a serious risk that the defendant will flee.
- 2. No condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required.

## **DIRECTIONS REGARDING DETENTION**

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his/her designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

APPEALS AND THIRD PARTY RELEASE

IT IS ORDERED that should an appeal of this detention order be filed with the District Court, it is counsel's responsibility to deliver a copy of the motion for review/reconsideration to Pretrial Services at least one day prior to the hearing set before the District Court. Pursuant to Rule 59(a), FED.R.CRIM.P., effective December 1, 2009, Defendant shall have fourteen (14) days from the date of service of a copy of this order or after the oral order is stated on the record within which to file specific written objections with the district court. Failure to timely file objections in accordance with Rule 59(a) may waive the right to review. 59(a), FED.R.CRIM.P.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if a release to a third party is to be considered, it is counsel's responsibility to notify Pretrial Services sufficiently in advance of the hearing before the District Court to allow Pretrial Services an opportunity to interview and investigate the potential third party custodian.

DATE: April 15, 2015

Michelle H. Burns United States Magistrate Judge